

# Top 25 Native Plants for Supporting New England Pollinators and Wildlife

This list does not take sight conditions or desired outcomes into effect, it is simply a list of those genera that support the greatest diversity of wildlife in New England

1. Oaks (*Quercus* spp.)
2. Cherry (*Prunus* spp.)
3. Black willow (*Salix nigra*)
4. Birch (*Betula* spp.)
5. Poplar (*Populus* spp.)
6. Blueberry (*Vaccinium* spp.)
7. Dogwood (*Swida* spp.)
8. Goldenrod (*Solidago* spp.)
9. Asters (*Aster* spp.)
10. Viburnum (*Viburnum* spp.)
11. Spiraea (*Spiraea* spp.)
12. Wild strawberry (*Fragaria virginiana*)
13. Sunflower (*Helianthus* spp.)
14. New Jersey tea (*Ceanothus americanum*)
15. Joe Pye (*Eutrochium* spp.)
16. Pennsylvania sedge (*Carex pensylvanica*)
17. Sundial lupine (*Lupinus perennis*)
18. Birds foot violet (*Viola pedata*)
19. Wild geranium (*Geranium maculatum*)
20. Black-eyed Susan (*Rudbeckia hirta*)
21. Milkweed (*Asclepias* spp.)
22. Woodland phlox (*Phlox divaricata*)
23. Bee balm (*Monarda* spp.)
24. Little bluestem (*Schizachyrium scoparium*)
25. Lobelia (*Lobelia* spp.)